

Morning

PUBLISHES FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT



Astorian.

COVERS THE MORNING FIELD ON THE LOWER COLUMBIA

VOLUME LX NO. 161

ASTORIA, OREGON THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1905

PRICE FIVE CENTS

ENCOUNTER AT WARSAW

Twenty Killed and One Hundred Wounded.

AGITATORS ARE ACTIVE

News of Manifesto Received in Various Ways Throughout Russian Empire.

RELEASE OF MANY PRISONERS

Reports Received from Many Points Yesterday Indicate that Where Agitators are Not Numerous the People are Prepared to Welcome New Departure.

Warsaw, midnight, Nov. 2.—Twenty persons were killed and upwards of 100 wounded in encounters tonight between the mobs and troops. At 10 o'clock the crowd gathered in from out of the town hall demanding the release of the political prisoners.

The Chief of Police liberated 300 arrested during the past few days, but refused to release the twelve arrested by order of the central government.

The crowd commenced to smash doors and windows in the hall, whereupon the chief of police summoned troops who charged the people with killing sixteen and wounding seventy-three. Later another encounter took place between the infantry and the mob, the troops firing into the crowd, killing four and wounding thirty.

Trouble at Rostof-on-Don.

Rostof-on-Don.—Nov. 1.—A crowd of 20,000 people gathered in the prison square today demanding the release of political prisoners. Twelve were released but the more important were retained in custody. The demonstrators were then dispersed by troops.

A number of persons were killed or wounded and the Jewish shops were sacked. The employees of the Vladikavkaz railroad here joined the strike.

RIOTING AT MANY POINTS.

People Killed and Houses Burned—Jew Baiting at Khorsan.

Haharada, Finland, Nov. 1.—Meetings were held today at Kemi and Tornaa demanded that the gendarmes be disarmed and leave the towns within three days otherwise the people would not be responsible for the consequence.

Khorsan.—Anti-Jewish demonstrations were held today and yesterday. The mob pillaged Jewish stores and houses, burning a number of the latter. Business is at a standstill and people are panic stricken. The rioting continues today.

Ekaterinsolv.—The governor was yesterday compelled by a mob to open the doors of the prison here and liberate the prisoners.

Kharkoff.—The governor has forbidden

den the publication of press telegrams to Russian points fearing to precipitate trouble.

Flock.—Parades were held here all day in celebration of the manifesto.

Kaliz.—The manifesto was received with great jubilation.

Eupara.—The people were wild with rejoicing yesterday over the news of the manifesto.

Bogspot.—In the midst of the jubilation the railroad men and telegraph operators voted to return to work.

Kishinff.—The troops fired on crowds making demonstrations yesterday in celebration of the granting of the constitution.

Poltava, Nov. 1.—An army of people surrounded the prison yesterday and howled for the release of political prisoners. They were driven off by soldiers, who fired several volleys. Many were killed or wounded.

Sosnovice.—There is a strike on at the Dombrovo coal mines.

Vasilkov.—The town is given over to jubilation.

Helsingfors.—The strike continues but no disorders occurred today. There are no troops or police in the streets, which are patrolled by citizens and militia.

Kishinff.—The troops fired on crowds making demonstrations yesterday in celebration of the granting of the Constitution.

Kharkoff.—The Governor has forbidden the publication of press telegrams to Russian points fearing to precipitate trouble.

Tsaritzyn.—The manifesto was received enthusiastically. The council sent a loyal address to the Emperor but meetings were not permitted.

Byflostok.—The political prisoners were given up to the crowd yesterday, which threatened to storm the local barracks. A crowd of 10,000 persons attempted to destroy the prison but were driven off by the guards.

Windeau.—The railroad strike is ended and traffic with Mittau has been resumed.

Smolensk.—At all the celebrations yesterday political amnesty was demanded.

Lodz.—Local political associations have complained to Count Witte of the brutality of soldiers in suppressing disturbances.

IT'S A DARN SHAME.

Occupation Dear to Womankind Will Now Lose Its Charm.

Denver, Nov. 1.—Miss George H. Maynard of this city has patented a device for darning stockings, which promises to give her a fortune. An oval steel band six inches in circumference has prongs on one edge which catch and hold the stockings, slender steel rods on the other edge which hold the stockings in place, and the device will slip into the toe of the stocking, the attachments holding it so that a smooth surface is presented. The foot of a stocking inserted, the grooves in the oval band allowing the needle to pass through the material doing the darning rapidly.

RUSSIAN AFFAIRS ARE IN VERY BAD SHAPE

REVOLUTIONISTS HOLD OUT FOR A REPUBLIC

As a Result the Strong Arm of Trepoff Has Again Been Invoked—Brute Force and Popular Sentiment Against Each Other.

DREADFUL SCENES ARE ENACTED IN THE CITY OF ODESSA

Cossacks and Police Have Begun to Loot Property to Add to the Other Depredations that Have Been Committed—Casualties at Odessa for the Day are Estimated at From One to Two Thousand Attacks Reported in Most Cases is Said to Be the Work of Cossacks who Act Without any Show of Authority.

London, Thursday, Nov. 2.—Special dispatches to this morning's newspapers represent the condition of affairs in Russia as extremely grave, especially in the provinces. St. Petersburg, the dispatches say, remains comparatively quiet.

According to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail the revolutionaries demand the establishment of a Republic and as a result the strong arm of General Trepoff is again invoked.

"Thus," says the correspondent, "brute force and popular sentiment face each other."

Even the appointment of Grand Duke Michael as military dictator is discussed. The correspondent says that late last night the leaders advised the populace to refrain from precipitating a conflict at present.

The Daily Mail correspondent at Kiev states that the Governor-General has resigned, because he was not allowed to take strong measures to prevent riots. Indescribable scenes occurred Tuesday night when the mob invaded the town hall and tore down a portrait of the Emperor.

Troops Kill Forty Persons.

Troops fired on the mob killing forty. Three hundred rioters were arrested. During the conflict the troops were thrown to the ground and many were shot. Jew baiting commenced at midnight, strong patrols passing frequently but not interfering. Some hours later the Cossacks arrived but did nothing. The correspondent saw some police and Cossacks pocketing plunder. Tonight the looting was resumed.

The Jews are firing from the balconies of their houses on the troops and the loyalists and soldiers are return the fire.

Dreadful Day at Odessa.

A despatch to a News Agency from Odessa describes the city as having experienced a dreadful day, the defenseless population being at the mercy of a howling and armed rabble of 50,000 men calling themselves loyalists. The dispatch says that the Jews made a stout resistance and their bravery entailed lamentable sacrifices. Rumor puts the number of killed and wounded as high as 2,000 many being struck by bombs which the mobs used by wholesale. Not until the murderous work had gone on for hours were troops brought and cordons placed around the Jewish quarter. The law abiding citizens are incensed at Governor-General Kaulbars, who is held directly responsible for the bloodshed.

The Standard's Odessa correspondent telling a similar tale. He however estimates the casualties at 1,000. The correspondent asserts that the bomb throwing was done by Jews, but justifies the act by the extremity of their peril.

The Odessa correspondent of the Telegram places the casualties at some hundreds. He adds that it is reported that the soldiers refused to fire on the mobs and fired on the Cossacks who came to quell the disturbances. The St.

is re-established has resolved that the Emperor be requested to summon the Diet to repeal the dictatorship pending the establishment of freedom of the press and removal of grievances connected with the military service.

The Senate also resolved, as it is no longer possessed the confidence of the people, that new Senators be appointed.

The movement for freedom is spreading throughout Finland.

The strike continues, no newspapers are published and telegraphic communication is interrupted. The report was circulated during the day that artillery was approaching the town and a deputation went to the commander of the garrison and represented as the whole of the Russian people were fighting for freedom, the troops should be regarded as a hostile force. The commander assured the delegation that so long as order was maintained the troops would not interfere.

LOUBET IS AT HOME.

Paris, Nov. 1.—Loubet returned from Spain and Portugal today, and was received with military honors.

ALPHONSO GOES TO BERLIN.

Madrid, Nov. 1.—King Alfonso starts for Berlin tomorrow, travelling through France incognito. Rigid precautionary measures have been taken all along the route.

NEGRO WOMAN STABBED.

San Francisco, Nov. 1.—Alice Gould a mulatto, 25 years old, was stabbed six times and probably fatally injured by a negro named Frank Jacobson. The Couple had been living together for four years. Recently the woman left Jackson. He escaped but was later arrested as he was about to board the ferry for Oakland.

IT'S UP TO CASTRO

Secretary Root Acts As a Mediator in Affair.

FRANCE TONES HER DEMANDS

If Apology to France is Not forthcoming form Venezuela Within the Next Twenty-four Hours French Navy Will Make a Demonstration.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Washington, D. C., says: "The next twenty-four hours will determine whether Venezuela shall apologize to France for the severance of relations with M. Taigny, the French charge d'affaires in Caracas, or whether the French fleet assembling at Martinique shall be ordered to make a demonstration in Venezuelan waters. It is the confident expectation of the authorities here that a pacific settlement of the dispute will be arranged."

Secretary Root has been acting in the role of mediator in a manner that has won the sympathy of Castro and the approval of the French government. He has induced France to tone down the terms of the demand, which it made upon the Venezuelan President.

When the difficulty is adjusted it is probably that M. Taigny will be granted a leave of absence, but the French authorities will not approve of an application for leave if there exists in Venezuela a disposition to interpret his departure as a sign of weakness.

SANTA FE OFFICIAL ADMITS GIVING REBATES

Washington, D. C., Nov. 1.—Admission that rebates were given shippers of California fruit by practically all the private line cars, J. S. Leeds, General Manager of the Santa Fe Refrigerator Despatch, enlivened the inquiry being conducted here by the Interstate Com-

STATEMENT IS DISCOVERED

Cashier Clark Left Message for His Wife.

KEEP THE INSURANCE

Andrews is Accused of Having Worked Ruin of Cashier of Enterprise Bank.

RECEIVER CUNNINGHAM ALERT

Seizes \$17,500 Belonging to the Politician by Clever Coup—Clark Expected to Get Money Back When Road was Financed, But it Came Too Slow.

Pittsburg, Nov. 1.—A statement by T. Lee Clark to his wife, made a few hours before his suicide, was discovered today. In the statement Clark accuses Andrews of having worked his ruin and directs his wife to keep all the life insurance money.

Clark adds that he made a desperate effort to keep things going until the road was financed, but it had been too slow.

The statement is not the one alleged to be in possession of the Federal authorities. That one, the friends of the dead cashier says, was to the Government authorities, but its existence is vigorously denied.

Clark was the treasurer of the Santa Fe Central Railroad of which W. H. Andrews was president. The road is located in New Mexico, running from Santa Fe to Torrance.

A dispatch from Franklin, Pa., tonight says that owing to the alertness of Receiver Cunningham of the Enterprise National Bank creditors will secure about \$17,500 seized in a foreign attachment against Andrews.

Just before the close of business yesterday at the court house the bank attorneys received orders to attach Andrews' property in Venango County.

It is understood the receiver took this step upon learning that Andrews contemplated the sale of his oil property in that county. The sale was allowed to proceed, however, the proceeds being turned over to the receiver of the defunct bank.

ENTERS PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

San Francisco, Nov. 1.—The Standard Oil Company has entered into the Trans-Pacific freight trade, and is making a bid for the commerce of the Orient. Henceforth its oil carrying steamers will also be freight carriers.

The steamer Dakotah, owned by the Standard Oil Company will be due here next Saturday from the Orient. She is bringing a cargo of general merchandise from Japan. The Dakotah will discharge her cargo here and will then return to Japan with oil. The steamers Appalache and Winnebago will follow the Dakotah.

KANSAS GETS AFTER PULLMAN CAR COMPANY

Topeka, Kans., Nov. 1.—Because the Pullman Company has not paid the charter fee of \$14,800 to the permanent school fund, Attorney-General Coleman today brought quo warranto proceedings against the company asking them by what right they were doing business in Kansas. He asks that defendant be restrained from doing business in the state.

This is the second suit of a similar nature brought by Attorney-General Coleman. The first was against the Western Union Telegraph Company.